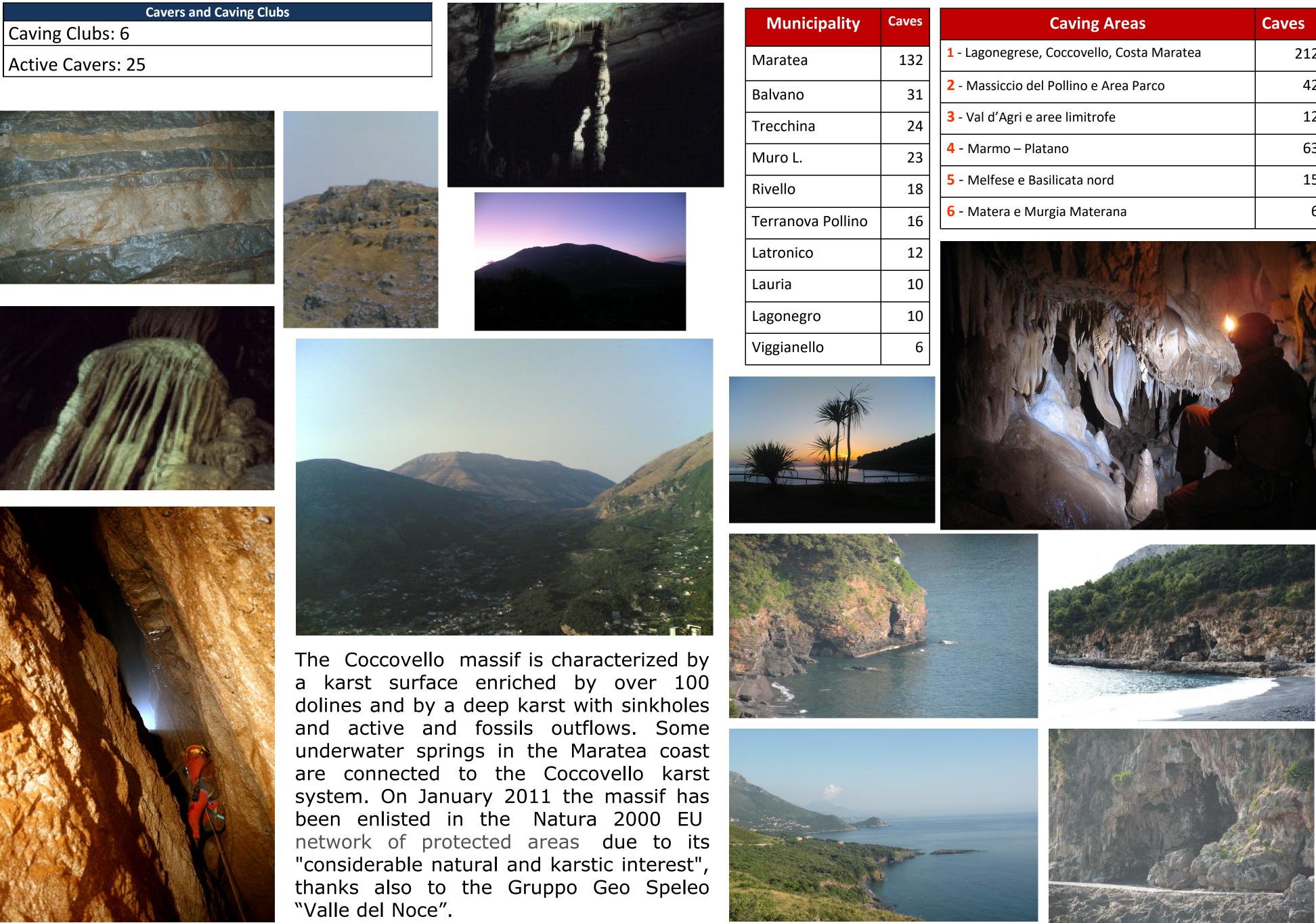
BASILICATA

Basilicata is characterized by few areas where lithology favours the development of surface and deep karst. Six areas with speleological interest are identified. Presently, more than 350 natural cavities are registered and surveyed. More than half of them are located in the Coccovello, Lagonegrese, Marateas' Coast karst areas. Other interesting areas are Marmo Platano and the Pollino massif. The Murgia Materana area is still little explored. An intensive caving period (1975 to 1995) was followed by a decline, since many young people were forced to relocate abroad. Since some years, caving activity resumed and systematic research is performed. Sea caves are explored by Gruppo Geo Speleo Valle del Noce and the Centro Europeo di Speleologia Marina (European Sea Caving Center) in Trecchina.









CADASTRE	OF	CAVE

- **Surveyed Caves** Updated Topographic Survey Surveys on Regional Web GIS **GPS positioned Entrances**
- **SSI Cadastral Card**
- **Regional Law**
- **Reference Card**

The	longest ca	VAC
	iongest ca	ves

The longest caves		Meters
Grotta del Dragone (mis.Sped.) Maratea		Ca 2400
Grotta di Castel di Lepre	Marsico N.	1845
I Vucculi 1	Muro L.	1291
Grotta Sant'Angelo	Trecchina	420
l Vucculi 2 (La volpe)	Muro L.	408

The deepest caves		Meters
Grotta di Castel di Lepre	Marsico N.	146
Festola Grande	Trecchina	136
I Vucculi 1	Muro L.	120
Piezz 'i Trend	Rotonda	101
I Vucculi 2	Muro L.	86

Cave Types	
Show Caves	1
Marine and coastal caves (Relation to the sea)	77
Prehistoric Caves	13
Archaeological Caves (Magna Grecia)	1
Worship Caves (Hermits and Basilian monks)	5
Caves used as shelters by Brigands (After unification of Italy)	8
Polluted Caves	2
Caves totally destroyed by man	2





SI

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